

Problem

Find an implicit matching on the set of n bit binary strings with k ones, or report that no such matching exists. Two binary strings are adjacent if one can be transformed into the other by swapping the values at two distinct indices.

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Construction

There are many solutions. One is to find a Hamiltonian path, then match the i -th value to the $(i \oplus 1)$ -th.

- Build the Hamiltonian path $H(n, k)$ recursively.
- $H(n, k) = 0H(n-1, k) + 1H^R(n-1, k-1)$ where H^R is the reversed Hamiltonian path.

0	00001111
	... $H(n-1, k)$

0	10000111
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1	10000011
	... $H^R(n-1, k-1)$

1	00000111
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Runtime

Runtime $\mathcal{O}(n)$ if done well, $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$ also passes.



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Statistics: 37 submissions, 5 accepted, 28 unknown